

For an increase in	The rate	

Concentration Dependence

Mechanism matters:

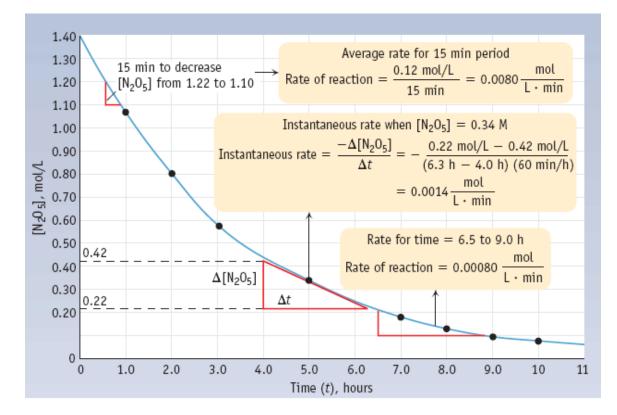
Different Types of "Rates":

Rate=

Rate over time=

Instantaneous rate=

Initial rate=



What "Rate Laws" look like:

• First order reaction

$$2 N_2 O_5 \rightarrow 4 NO + O_2$$

• Second order reaction

$$NO_2 \rightarrow NO + \frac{1}{2}O_2$$

• First order in CO and NO₂, second order overall

$$CO + NO_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + NO$$

• Zero order

Reaction	Starting Concentration	Initial Rate	Order
A B			
$C \rightarrow D$			
$E \to F$			

 $2 \text{ NO}(g) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2 \text{ NO}_2(g)$

Experiment	Initial Concentrations (mol/L)		Initial Rate
	[NO]	[0 ₂]	(mol/L · s)
1	0.020	0.010	0.028
2	0.020	0.020	0.057
3	0.020	0.040	0.114
4	0.040	0.020	0.227
5	0.010	0.020	0.014