

Mature crocodiles secrete from their skin glands the compound with the following structure. The compound is thought to be a communication pheromone for nesting and mating.

How many stereogenic centers are in the compound? Mark then with an asterisk. How many stereoisomers of this compound are possible.



#### The *E-Z* convention for *Cis-Trans* Isomers

F Br 
$$CH_3CH_2$$
 Cl  $C=C$   $C=C$   $CH_3$  Br  $CH_3$  Br  $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

$$C = C$$
 $Br$ 
 $C = C$ 
 $I$ 

(*Z* )-1-bromo-2-chloro-2-fluoro-1-iodoethene

$$CH_3CH_2$$
  $Cl$   $CH_3$   $C=C$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

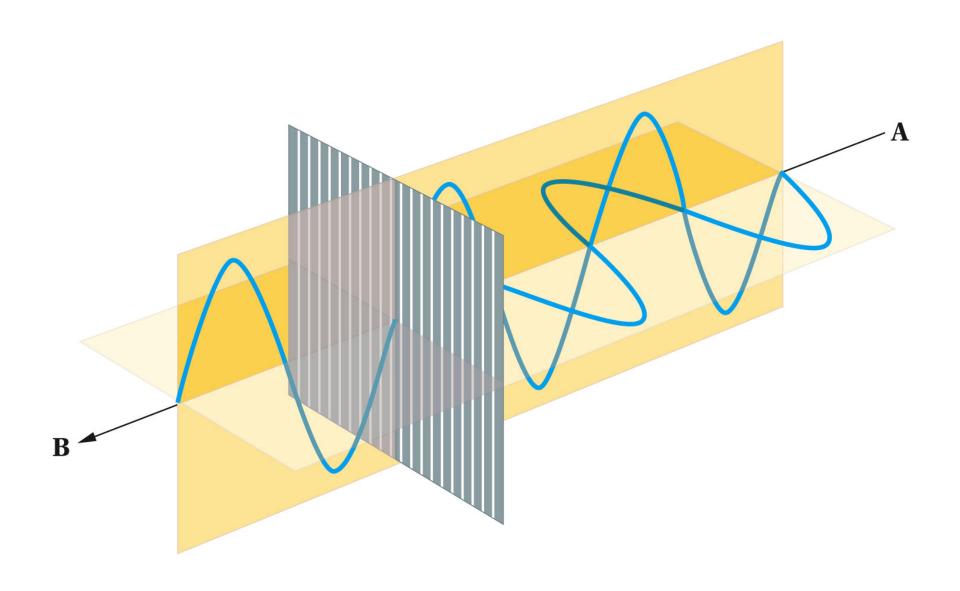
(*E* )-1-bromo-1-chloro-2-methyl-1-butene

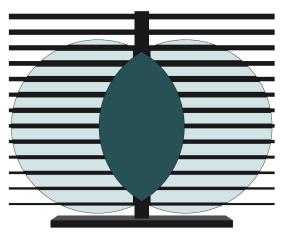
## Name each compound by the E-Z system

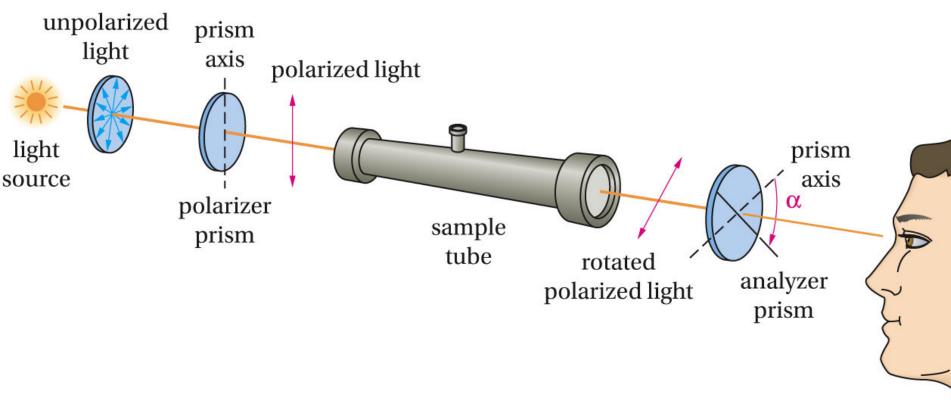
$$CH_3$$
  $C=C$   $CH_2CH_3$ 

$$\begin{array}{c}
F \\
C = C
\end{array}$$
Br
H

# **Polarized Light and Optical Activity**

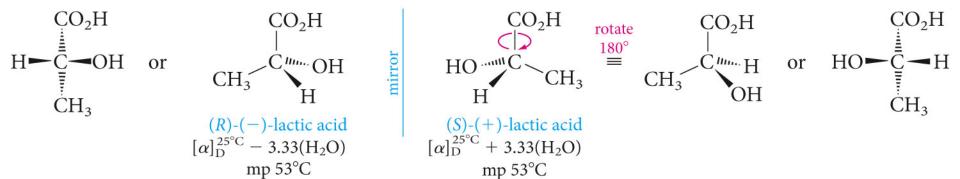






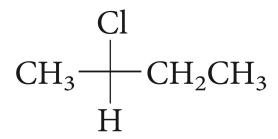
Specific rotation = 
$$[\alpha]_{\lambda}^{t} = \frac{\alpha}{l \times c}$$
 (solvent)

#### **Properties of Enantiomers**

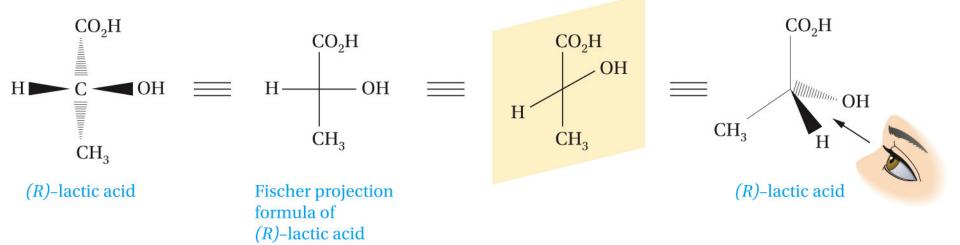


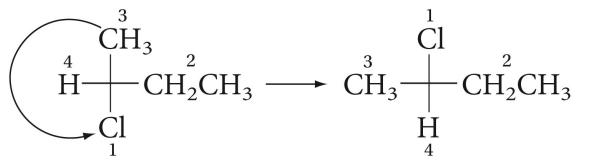
$$CO_2H$$
 $CO_2CH_3$ 
 $CH_3OH$ 
 $H^+$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $C$ 

### **Fischer Projection Formulas**







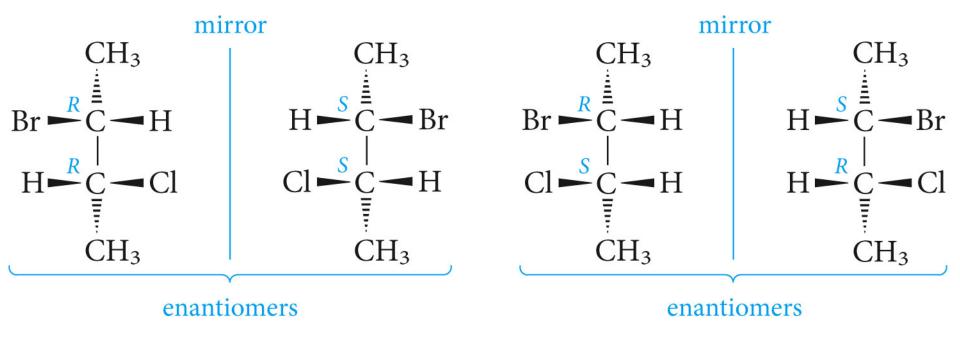


Determine the absolute configuration of of the following enantiomer of 2-butanol from its Fischer projection

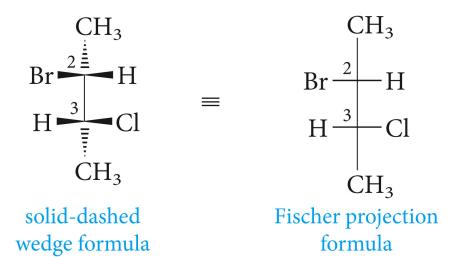
$$CH_3 \xrightarrow{H} CH_2CH_3$$
 $OH$ 

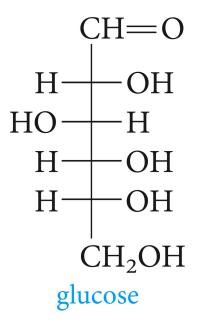
# Compounds with More Than One Stereogenic Center; Diastereomers

2-bromo-3-chlorobutane



The four stereoisomers of 2-bromo-3-chlorobutane a compound with two stereogenic centers

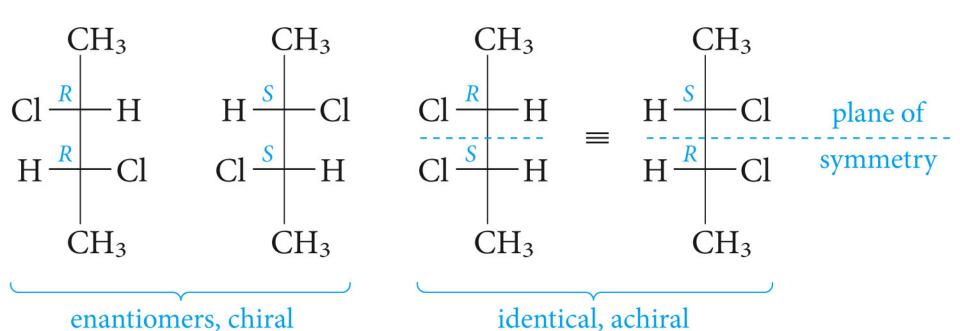




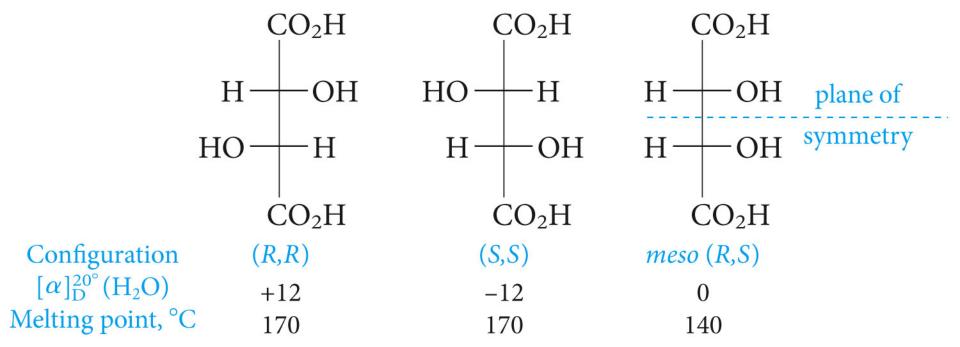
Given is the Fischer projection of glucose (blood sugar), how may stereoisomers of this sugar are possible?

#### Meso Compounds; the Stereoisomers of Tartaric Acid

2,3-dichlorobutane



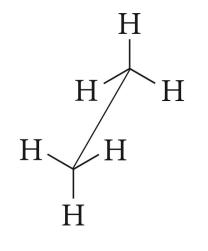
a meso form



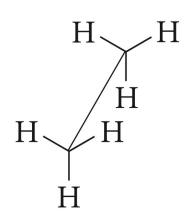
### **Stereochemistry A Recap of Definitions**

$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $C=C$   $CH_3$   $C=C$   $CH_3$   $C=C$   $CH_3$   $C=C$ 

Cis-trans 2-butene (Z and E notation)



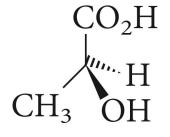
and



Staggered and eclipsed

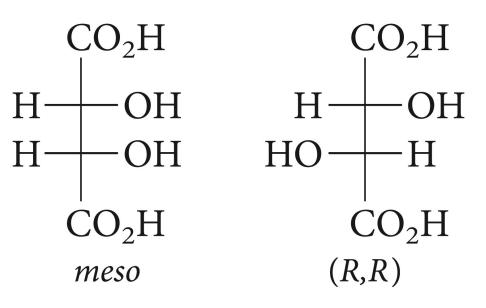
$$HO_2C$$
 $OH$ 

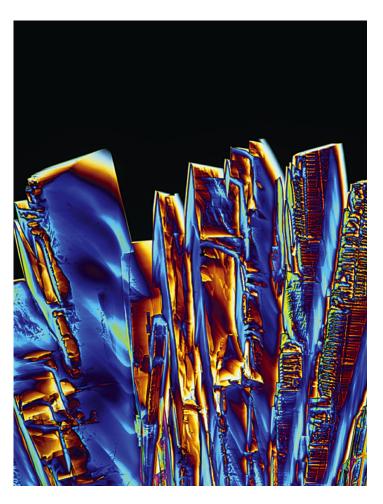
and



(R)- and (S)-lactic acids

# Meso- and (RR)-tartaric acids





Tartaric acid crystals under polarized light